Funds provided through the Carl D. Perkins

Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998

P.L. 105-332

and/or

N.J.S.A. 18A:54-1 et seq.

PERKINS ONE-YEAR SPENDING PLAN JULY 1, 2005 - JUNE 30, 2006

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*The State Board of Education also functions as the State Board of Vocational Education.

PERKINS FY 2006 ONE-YEAR SPENDING PLAN GUIDELINES TABLE OF CONTENTS

SE	SECTION A: PERKINS GRANT (OVERVIEW	
1.	. Introduction	1	
	1.1. Purpose of the Perkins Act	1	
	1.2. Use of Funds by Local Entities	1	
		2	
	1.4. Career Clusters	3	;
		3	
		4	
2.		5	
		5	
3.		1	
		1	
		1	
4	C	1	
••		ıg1	
		t's Business Office1	
		ocational School Programs1	
		1	
	4.4. Supplement Not Supplant	1	
 7. 	7. Timelines	1	4 4 5 5
		1	
		1	
	SECTION C: SPENDING PLAN APPL Multi-year Components	ICATION 1	7
0. 1	•	1	
		1	
		1	
		n1	
		spenditures1	
		2	
		2	
		2	
		ative and Justification Form2	
		Services 2	

PERKINS FY2006 ONE-YEAR SPENDING PLAN GUIDELINES TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

8.5.7	Fravel for Vocational-Technical Education Program Improvement	22
	3.5.7.1 General Requirements	
	3.5.7.2 Staff Travel	
8	3.5.7.3 Student Workshops and Travel	23
	Supplies	
	Equipment	
	Non-allowable Costs	
8.5.11	Budgetary Constraints	26
	Administrative Costs	
	Contracts with Other Deliverers	
	ary	
9. Duuget Sullilli		
10. Statement of A SECTION D: AN	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS	
10. Statement of A SECTION D: AN		
10. Statement of A SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS	28
SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations	28
SECTION D: AN 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS	28 30
SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations	28 30 30
SECTION D: AN 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports 13.1 Interim F	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations	28 30 30 31
SECTION D: AN 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports 13.1 Interim F 13.1.1 Inte	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations Report erim Report Obligation and Disbursement Statement.	28 30 30 31
SECTION D: AN 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports 13.1 Interim F 13.1.1 Inte 13.2 Final Rep 13.2.1 Fin	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations	28 30 30 31 31
SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13.1 Interim F 13.1.1 Inte 13.2 Final Rep 13.2.1 Fin 13.2.2 FY	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations Report erim Report Obligation and Disbursement Statement port al Report Title Page	28 30 30 31 31 32
SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports 13.1 Interim F 13.1.1 Inte 13.2 Final Rep 13.2.1 Fin 13.2.2 FY 13.2.3 Fed	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations Report erim Report Obligation and Disbursement Statement port al Report Title Page 2006 Final Budget Expenditure Statement	28 30 31 31 32 32
SECTION D: AM 11. Amendments 12. Supplemental 13. Reports 13.1 Interim F 13.1.1 Inte 13.2 Final Rep 13.2.1 Fin 13.2.2 FY: 13.2.3 Fed 13.3 Cash Ma	MENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS Allocations Exercise Report	28 30 31 31 32 32 32

APPENDICES

- A. Title Page Forms and Instructions
 - a. Spending Plan Title Page Secondary, with Instructions
 - b. Spending Plan Title Page Post Secondary, with Instructions
- B. Budget Detail Forms and Instructions
 - a. Budget Detail Form A with instructions
 - b. Budget Detail Form B Employee Benefits, with instructions
 - c. Budget Detail Form C Salaries, with instructions
 - i. Teacher Salary Form, category 100-100
 - ii. Non-instructional Salary Form, category 200-100
 - iii. Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form
- C. Budget Summary Forms and Instructions
- D. Statement of Assurances Form

PERKINS FY2006 ONE-YEAR SPENDING PLAN GUIDELINES TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

APPENDICES

- E. Board Resolution to Apply Forms and Instructions
 - a. Board Resolution to Apply
 - b. Board Resolution to Apply as a Member of a Consortium
 - c. Instructions
- F. Narrative Forms

Secondary Narrative Form

Postsecondary Narrative Form

- G. Spending Plan Self-evaluation Form
- H. Amendment Application Form and Instructions
- I. Interim Report
 - a. Budget Obligation and Disbursement Statement and Instructions
- J. Final Report Forms
 - a. Final Report Title Page and Instructions
 - b. Budget Expenditure Statement Form and Instructions
 - c. Federal/State Equipment Inventory Form and Instructions
- K. GAAP Codes and Explanations
- L. Multi-year Plan for New Applicants
- M. No Child Left Behind Act of 2001

SECTION A: PERKINS GRANT OVERVIEW

1. Introduction

This is the seventh year of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, which in this document will be referred to as "The Perkins Act", or "Perkins III". The Perkins Act, signed into law on October 31, 1998, set out a new vision of vocational and technical education for the 21st century.

1.1 Purpose of the Perkins Act

"The purpose of this Act is to develop more fully the academic, vocational, and technical skills of secondary students and postsecondary students who elect to enroll in vocational and technical education programs, by--

- 1) building on the efforts of States and localities to develop challenging academic standards;
- 2) promoting the development of services and activities that integrate academic, vocational, and technical instruction, and that link secondary and postsecondary education for participating vocational and technical education students;
- 3) increasing State and local flexibility in providing services and activities designed to develop, implement, and improve vocational and technical education, including techprep education; and
- 4) disseminating national research, and providing professional development and technical assistance, that will improve vocational and technical education programs, services, and activities."¹

1.2 Use of Funds by Local Entities

"Perkins III focuses the federal and state investment in vocational and technical education on high-quality local programs. Funds made available to eligible recipients under this part shall be used to support vocational and technical education programs that--

- (a) strengthen the academic, and vocational and technical skills of students participating in vocational and technical education programs by strengthening the academic, and vocational and technical components of such programs through the integration of academics with vocational and technical education programs through a coherent sequence of courses to ensure learning in the core academic, vocational and technical subjects;
- (b) provide students with strong experience in and understanding of all aspects of an industry;
- (c) develop, improve, or expand the use of technology in vocational and technical education, which may include--
 - (1) training of vocational and technical education personnel to use state-of-the-art technology, which may include distance learning;
 - (2) providing vocational and technical education students with the academic, vocational and technical skills that lead to entry into the high technology and telecommunications field; or

¹ The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-332) Part A-Federal Administrative Provisions, Sec. 311(a).

- (3) encouraging schools to work with high technology industries to offer voluntary internships and mentoring programs;
- (d) provide professional development programs to teachers, counselors, and administrators, including--
 - (1) in-service and pre-service training in state-of-the-art vocational and technical education programs and techniques, in effective teaching skills based on research, and in effective practices to improve parental and community involvement;
 - (2) support of education programs for teachers of vocational and technical education in public schools and other public school personnel who are involved in the direct delivery of educational services to vocational and technical education students, to ensure that such teachers and personnel stay current with all aspects of an industry;
 - (3) internship programs that provide business experience to teachers; and
 - (4) programs designed to train teachers specifically in the use and application of technology;
- (e) develop and implement evaluations of the vocational and technical education programs carried out with funds under this title, including an assessment of how the needs of special populations are being met;
- (f) initiate, improve, expand, and modernize quality vocational and technical education programs;
- (g) provide services and activities that are of sufficient size, scope, and quality to be effective; and
- (h) link secondary vocational and technical education and postsecondary vocational and technical education, including implementing tech-prep programs."²

1.3 No Child Left Behind Act of 2001

On January 8, 2002 President George W. Bush signed the latest federal education legislation, The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, a reform of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). The purpose of the Act is to improve education in the schools of the United States. Many of the principles reinforce the importance of the principles of the Perkins Act, including accountability for performance, professional development, and involvement of the public.

"The priorities that follow are based on the fundamental notion that an enterprise works best when responsibility is placed closest to the most important activity of the enterprise, when those responsible are given greatest latitude and support, and when those responsible are held accountable for producing results. This education blueprint will:

- **Increase Accountability for Student Performance:** States, districts and schools that improve achievement will be rewarded. Failure will be sanctioned. Parents will know how well their child is learning, and that schools are held accountable for their effectiveness with annual state reading and math assessments in grades 3-8.
- Focus on What Works: Federal dollars will be spent on effective, research based programs and practices. Funds will be targeted to improve schools and enhance teacher quality.
- Reduce Bureaucracy and Increase Flexibility: Additional flexibility will be provided to states and school districts, and flexible funding will be increased at the local level.
- **Empower Parents:** Parents will have more information about the quality of their child's school. Students in persistently low-performing schools will be given choice."

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² Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, P.L. 105-332, Section 135.

Text from the Executive Summary, *The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. For the entire Executive Summary, refer to:* http://www.ed.gov/nclb/landing.jhtml?src=pb.

1.4 Career Clusters

All approved vocational-technical education programs in New Jersey are linked to one or more Career Clusters. A Career Cluster, as defined in NJAC 6A:19-1.2-Definitions, means "one of the vocational-technical education program areas recognized by the U.S. Department of Education and by the New Jersey Department of Education." The Career Clusters Initiative is now sponsored by the National Association of State Directors of Career Technical Education.

A Career Cluster is a grouping of occupations and broad industries based on commonalities. Career Clusters are designed to link what students learn in school with the knowledge and skills they need for success in college and careers. Sixteen Career Clusters have been identified to provide an organizing tool for schools, small learning communities, academies, and magnet schools.

Career Clusters identify pathways from secondary school to two- and four-year colleges, graduate school, and the workplace, so students can learn in school what they can do in the future. This connection to future goals motivates students to work harder and enroll in more rigorous courses. Additional information may be found on the web at http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/clusters/.

The sixteen Career Clusters are:

- Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources
- Architecture & Construction
- Arts, A/V Technology & Communications
- Business, Management & Administration
- Education & Training
- Finance
- Government & Public Administration
- Health Science
- Hospitality & Tourism
- Human Services
- Information Technology
- Law, Public Safety, Corrections & Security
- Manufacturing
- Marketing, Sales & Service
- Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics
- Transportation, Distribution & Logistics

1.5 Size, Scope and Quality

Section 135 (b)(7) of the Perkins Act requires that funds "made available to eligible recipients under this part shall be used to support vocational-technical education programs that ... provide services and activities that are of sufficient size, scope and quality to be effective...." While not specifically defining "size, scope, and quality," the clear intent of this section is to insure that funds are spent on high quality programs that provide the greatest benefit to the largest number of students and the community. For example, grantees should not spend 90% of their funds on 10% of their students.

While developing the funding plan and considering size, scope and quality, the grantee should use the following questions as a guide in preparing the Perkins plan:

- What is the amount of funds requested for this service or activity compared to the total allocation?
- How many students are being served through this proposed expenditure?
- How will this proposed expenditure assist the program to improve program quality or maintain a high standard of program quality?
- How will the proposed expenditure improve the effectiveness of the program?
- Does the proposed expenditure support an approved vocational-technical program that prepares students for careers that currently exist or are projected to exist?

The state Perkins plan facilitators will review the spending plans with the above questions in mind. Priority should be given to funding services and activities that will benefit the most students and improve program quality. If it appears that the size, scope and quality are not adequate, additional information and/or revisions may be required of the grantee's plan.

1.6 Consortia

"Any LEA receiving an allocation that is less than the minimum amount specified in Sec. 131(d)(1) of the Perkins Act shall either:

- 1. enter into a consortium with one or more other LEA(s) for the purpose of providing enhanced services and to meet the minimum grant requirement, or
- 2. form a consortium with a county vocational school offering programs that meet the requirements of Section 135 and transfer such allocation to the county vocational school. All consortia established under 1) or 2) above shall operate programs that are of sufficient size, scope, and quality to be effective. Funds allocated to a consortium formed to meet the requirements of this paragraph shall be used only for purposes and programs that are mutually beneficial to all members of the consortium and can be used only for programs authorized under this title. Such funds may not be reallocated to individual members of the consortium for purposes or programs benefiting only one member of the consortium. Consortium arrangements must serve primarily as a structure for operating joint projects that provide services to all participating LEAs. The consortium project must meet all requirements identified in section 135 of the Perkins Act...."

A consortium is organized because the combined resources of the LEAs would provide benefits for the similar approved vocational-technical education programs conducted by the member districts. The consortium arrangement must serve to improve the vocational-technical education programs of <u>all</u> participating LEAs. All districts in a consortium must meet the eligibility criteria for funding.

In a consortium, one LEA must be identified as the applicant/lead agency. The lead agency is responsible for submitting the original Multi-year Plan and any subsequent revisions, and the one-year spending plan. The lead agency must account for all funds received and disbursed by the project, maintain all records and submit all required reports. To submit the spending plan and complete all required reports, the lead agency must gather the required information from all

³ State of New Jersey Plan for Vocational and Technical Education FY 2000-2005 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/votechplan.htm#63

consortium participants. The consortium participants are responsible for submitting the information to the lead agency.

Although a consortium must serve the needs of <u>all</u> participating LEAs, the lead agency may <u>not</u> subgrant back to the participating LEAs the amounts they contributed to the consortium. For example, if a consortium participant has contributed \$10,000 to the consortium, the participant cannot expect to receive a like amount in services, goods or activities from the consortium lead agency. If a consortium is found to be sub granting the funds to the consortium participants, the consortium may be required to return the funds to the DOE.

The DOE will closely examine the need for the consortium to ensure that the consortium is not being created solely as a mechanism to circumvent the minimum \$15,000 threshold requirement.

2. Accountability

Accountability is an essential requirement of all Perkins grants. A primary measure of success is continuous improvement of student performance in vocational-technical and academic areas. Each grantee's performance is based on information from the Vocational Education Data System (VEDS) and other data collection systems. All progress is measured against a grantee's performance record and the Performance Standards and Measures negotiated between the state Department of Education (DOE) and the United States Department of Education (ED), Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE). Using the Perkins grant funds, each grantee must execute a plan to accomplish continuous improvement.

2.1. Standards of Quality

All programs will be measured against standards of quality as established by federal and state goals. Eligible recipients of Perkins III funds will be held accountable for:

- student attainment of academic proficiency;
- student attainment of vocational-technical skill proficiencies;
- student attainment of a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent, a proficiency credential in conjunction with a secondary school diploma, or a postsecondary degree or credential;
- student placement in, retention in, and completion of postsecondary education or advanced training, placement in military service, or placement or retention in employment; and
- student participation in, and completion of, vocational-technical education programs that lead to non-traditional training and employment.

As of the printing of these Guidelines, the OVAE has not negotiated the required performance levels for FY2006 with each state. The charts on the next four pages indicate the FY2005 negotiated levels for New Jersey and the State Board of Education's minimum standards and measures for each performance area for secondary and postsecondary programs. It is anticipated that at a minimum these standards and measures for each performance area will remain the same and should be considered in developing your FY2006 spending plan.

NEW JERSEY

Final Agreed Upon Performance Levels for Years 6 and 7

These are the final baselines and adjusted performance levels agreed upon or proposed by the State and the U.S. Department of Education for Years 6 and 7. These baselines and adjusted performance levels are incorporated into the State plan as a condition of approval pursuant to section 113(b)(3)(A)(v) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, 20 U.S.C. 2301 *et seq.*, as amended by Public Law 105-332.

SECONDARY PROGRAMS

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
Core Sub Indicator	Measurement Definition	Measurement Approach	Final Agreed Upon Baseline	Performance Levels for Years 6 & 7	
				7/01/04- 6/30/05	7/01/05- 6/30/06 (Proposed)
1S1 Academic Attainment	Numerator: Number of vocational concentrators who passed and who have left secondary education in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of vocational concentrators who have left secondary education in the reporting year.	1	84.82%	89.01%	90.28%
1S2 Skill Proficiency	Numerator: Number of concentrators who have passed exam who have left secondary education in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of vocational concentrators who have left secondary education in the reporting year.	1	82.45%	83.95%	87.70%
2S1 Completion	Numerator: Number of vocational concentrators who graduated and who have left secondary education in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of vocational concentrators who left secondary education in the reporting year.	1	82.02%	85.00%	93.58%

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
Core Sub	Measurement	Measurement	Final Agreed		
Indicator	Definition	Approach	Upon Baseline	Performance Leve	els for Years 6 & 7
				7/01/04-	7/01/05-
				6/30/05	6/30/06
					(Proposed)
	Numerator: Number of vocational concentrators				
202	who attained a proficiency credential with a				
2S2	secondary diploma or its recognized state				
Diploma	equivalent, and who have left in the reporting				
Credential	year.	1	70.00%	71.25%	83.99%
	Denominator : Number of vocational				
	concentrators in a program, which provides such				
	credentials, who have left secondary education in				
	the reporting year.				
	Numerator: Number of completers who attained				
	a secondary school diploma or its recognized				
	equivalent, left secondary education in the				
3S1	reporting year and who were placed.				
Placement		3	62.00%	64.00%	77.06%
Piacement	Denominator : Number of completers who				
	attained a secondary school diploma or its				
	recognized state equivalent and left from				
	secondary education in the reporting year. Numerator: Number of students in				
	underrepresented gender group who participated				
401	in a non-traditional secondary program in the				
4S1	reporting year.		8.72%	0.050	4
Participate	Topotang Jour.	1	0.1470	9.97%	12.29%
Non-Trad	Denominator : Number of students who				
	participated in a non-traditional program in the				
	reporting year.				
	Numerator: Number of students in				
4S2	underrepresented gender group who completed a				
Completion	non-traditional program in the reporting year.	1	7.05%	8.54%	10.85%
Non-Trad	Demonstruction No. 1 Co. 1 Co. 1	•	7.02 / 0	0.0170	10.00 / 0
14011-11.40	Denominator : Number of students who				
	completed a non-traditional program.				

POSTSECONDARY PROGRAMS

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
Core Indicator	Measurement Definition	Measurement Approach	Final Agreed Upon Baseline	Performance Levels for Years 6 & 7	
				7/01/04- 6/30/05	7/01/05- 6/30/06 (Proposed)
1P1 Academic Attainment	Numerator: Number of concentrators with an overall GPA 2.0 or higher. Denominator: Number of vocational concentrators in the reporting year.	5	26.36%	27.75%	29.33%
1P2 Skill Proficiency	Numerator: Number of concentrators who have passed exam who have stopped program participation in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of vocational concentrators who sat for exam in the reporting year.	1	72.44%	73.94%	85.97%
2P1 Completion	Numerator: Number of postsecondary who attained a degree or certificate, or who transferred to a higher credential program. Denominator: Number of concentrators who were leavers in the reporting year.	1	10.48%	11.98%	12.19%
3P1 Placement	Numerator: Number of postsecondary completers in the reporting year and who were placed. Denominator: Number of completers in the reporting year.	3	69.00%	70.40%	74.00%
3P2 Retention	Numerator: Number of vocational completers who were placed in the reporting year and who were retained in postsecondary education or advanced training employment and/or military service. Denominator: Number of vocational completers and who were placed.	3	75.00%	78.00%	91.17%

POSTSECONDARY PROGRAMS

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
Core Indicator	Measurement Definition	Measurement Approach	Final Agreed Upon Baseline	Performance Lev	rels for Years 6 & 7
				7/01/04- 6/30/05	7/01/05- 6/30/06 (Proposed)
4P1 Participate Non-Trad	Numerator: Number of students in underrepresented gender group who participated in a non-traditional program in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of students who participated in a non-traditional program in the reporting year.	1	7.74%	8.89%	8.64%
4P2 Completion Non-Trad	Numerator: Number of students in underrepresented gender group who completed a non-traditional program in the reporting year. Denominator: Number of students who completed a non-traditional program.	1	7.67%	8.92%	8.74%

Consistent with the requirements of all federal workforce development programs, educational institutions and agencies offering approved occupational programs are expected to show significant and continuous improvement in their performance results. Achievement of the state's negotiated levels of performance is essential since it will determine future Perkins funding levels for New Jersey and, as a result, for eligible recipients.

The results reported through VEDS, along with other DOE data (e.g., HSPA results for secondary programs), will be submitted to the ED. The federal government will use this accountability data to determine future Perkins funding levels for the state. Appropriate goals and objectives in the Perkins Multiyear Plan, FY2006 Perkins One-Year Spending Plan, and future spending plans may need to be revised to focus on methods the recipient will use to achieve its projected results.

3. Statutory/Regulatory Sources

Grant funds provided for this program are supported through the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, P.L. 105-332 and funds provided by the State of New Jersey pursuant to *N.J.S.A.* 18A:54-1 *et seq.*, *N.J.A.C.* 6A:19-1 *et seq.*, and *N.J.A.C.* 6A:8-2.2, 2.3, 3.2;

3.1. OMB Circular A-133, Audit Requirements for States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations and Appendix B, Compliance Supplement – June 27, 2003.

All applicants must be in compliance with federal audit requirements. The documents listed above define the procedures and requirements that must be used in the administration of all Federal applications and programs. These are available from the Federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

The web addresses for the documents are:

http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133/a133.html and http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants/grants_circulars.html

The *OMB Circular A-133 contains* compliance requirements that apply to Department of Education (ED). The A-133 Compliance Supplement describes other requirements specific to "Vocational Education – Basic Grants to States (Perkins III)." As an applicant, an LEA, college, or agency applying for federal funds should be familiar with the compliance requirements listed in these documents **before** completing the application.

An LEA, college, or agency's annual audit must meet the criteria listed in the documents. In addition, the DOE auditors annually review selected LEAs, colleges, or agencies for compliance with the requirements prescribed in these documents. The institution's fiscal agent must be familiar with these requirements.

3.2. Withholding of Funds (34 CFR Part 300.194)

The DOE, after giving reasonable notice and an opportunity for an appeal to an eligible recipient, may decide that the eligible recipient has failed to comply with one or more requirements in the administration of the Perkins grant program. In that case, the DOE will make no further payments to the eligible recipient until the DOE is satisfied that the eligible

recipient complies with the requirement(s). In certain cases, the DOE may initiate actions to have the eligible recipient return some or all of the Perkins Grant funds awarded during the grant year.

4. Accounting Procedures

4.1. Chart of Accounts and GAAP Coding:

Effective July 1, 1993, the DOE regulations required that all eligible recipients prepare budgets and submit expenditure reports in accordance with a minimum chart of accounts consistent with the Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems (Handbook 2R2). The budget pages in all Perkins applications and reporting forms included in these guidelines use the coding of accounts consistent with the Generally Accepted Accounting Procedures (GAAP). Handbook 2R2 describes the coding of accounts in New Jersey school financial operations. The coding system creates a common language for recording, reporting, and controlling the financial activities of eligible recipients. Each eligible recipient's business office has a copy of Handbook 2R2. A chart of GAAP codes for use with this grant program has been included in Appendix K. In addition, examples of expenditures by GAAP categories are available on the NJDOE web page at: http://www.nj.gov/njded/grants/entitlement/. On the left side of the page, click on "Common Requested Costs" and a pdf file will open.

4.2. Coordination with Eligible Recipient's Business Office

Budgets must be completed in conjunction with the applicant's business office. Improper coding of expenditures is considered to be in noncompliance with *N.J.A.C.* 6:20-2A.2(m). The Business Administrator (BA)/Chief Financial Officer (CFO) is required to sign the Budget Summary form.

4.3. Dual Funding for Postsecondary Vocational School Programs

Some county vocational school postsecondary vocational grants may be dual funded; their grant may be from <u>both</u> Perkins federal and state funds. The dual funding, and the amount for the federal and/or state dollars, will be noted on the district's allocation letter. The district has the discretion to place the funds into one account or two; however, from an auditing perspective, it is recommended that two separate accounts be utilized.

- Two accounts: If the district decides to use two accounts (federal and state), it will be able to accurately track expenditures for both funding streams. It will also be able to accurately report the amount of expended funds in each account at the end of the grant year.
- One account: If the district chooses to set up one account, it may allocate expenditures in each category based upon the federal and state percents of the total allocation. For example, if 75% of the district's total allocation is from federal funds, it will be assumed that 75% of each individual expenditure is federal dollars. It will also be assumed that the rest of the expenditure (in this example 25%) is from state funds.
- <u>Final Report:</u> If there are funds left unexpended at the end of the grant year, the district may submit one refund check to the DOE. The DOE will credit the refund to the federal and state accounts using the same percentage proportion of federal and state funds.

4.4. Supplement Not Supplant:

Grantees (LEAs, colleges, state agencies) may use funds for vocational-technical education activities that shall supplement, and shall not supplant, non-Federal funds expended to carry out vocational-technical education activities and tech-prep activities (Perkins III, section 311(a); USC 2391(a)). The examples of instances where supplanting is presumed to have occurred that are described in section III.G.2.2 of the ED Cross-Cutting Section (84.000) also apply to the vocational-technical education program.

In the following instances, it is presumed that supplanting has occurred:

- The LEA, college, or agency used Federal funds (except Bilingual) to provide services that the institution was required to make available under other Federal, State or local laws.
- The LEA, college, or agency used Federal funds to provide services that the institution provided with non-Federal funds in the prior year.
- The LEA, college, or agency used Title I, Part A or Migrant Education Program (MEP) funds to provide services for participating children that the institution provided with non-Federal funds for nonparticipating children.⁴

(These are intended to serve as examples and are <u>not</u> the <u>only</u> indications of supplanting.)

- 12 -

⁴ OMB Circular A-133, Department of Education Cross Cutting Section http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133/a133.html

SECTION B: APPLICATION PROCESS AND PROCEDURES

5. Eligibility and Process

In order to be eligible to apply for FY2006 Perkins Funds the recipient must have **all** of the following:

- an approved Multi-year Plan;
- VEDS data submitted to the department for the 2003-2004 school year;
- all of the required components of the FY2006 Perkins Spending Plan.

The required format and applicable forms for the spending plan are included in these guidelines and can also be found on the DOE website: http://www.nj.gov/njded/voc/perkins/index.html.

In certain situations, some districts may be eligible to submit a FY2006 Perkins Spending Plan for the first time, but do not have an approved Plan. The district may elect to fulfill the requirements to apply for their FY2006 net allocation. This would pertain to districts that:

- have never submitted a Multi-year Plan, and have a FY2006 gross allocation of at least \$15,000; or
- are members of a consortium with an FY2006 gross allocation of at least \$15,000 and wish to leave the consortium.

If a district elects to submit a Multi-year Plan for the first time, the Multi-year Plan forms found in Appendix L must be completed and submitted to the DOE with the FY2006 Spending Plan. The district should contact the DOE Perkins Plan Facilitator assigned to the district for information and guidance before completing and submitting the Multi-year Plan.

New districts may elect to join a consortium for the first time with the FY2006 Perkins Spending Plan and should submit the following information with the application:

- A letter from the superintendent of the new consortium participant to the superintendent of the consortium lead agency, expressing the intent to join the existing consortium, identifying
 - o the new consortium participant's approved vocational-technical education programs that are similar to the consortium programs;
 - o the specific goals and objectives from the latest approved consortium Multi-year Plan that will be addressed by the new consortium participant; and
 - o the negotiated state Performance Standards and Measures that will be addressed by the new consortium participant.
- A copy of the new consortium participant's signed, dated, and approved **Board Resolution to Apply as a Member of a Consortium** (see Appendix E).

For funding consideration for FY2006, a new or revised Multi-year Plan (if applicable) and the FY2006 Perkins Spending Plan must both be submitted to the DOE on or before May 3, 2005 at 4:00 PM. Applicants are expected to respond to all requests for revisions and corrections by the requested deadlines in order to insure that the new or revised Multi-year Plan and the FY2006 Spending Plan are approved in a timely manner. If a grantee fails to respond to revision requests prohibiting successful completion of the DOE approval of the plans, the offer of Perkins grant funding could be withdrawn.

6. Timelines

May 3, 2005 • FY2006 Perkin

• FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan Due

• New Perkins Multi-year Plan Due

• Modifications to Approved Perkins Multi-year Plan Due (if the modifications affect the FY2006 spending plan.)

NO PLANS WILL BE ACCEPTED AFTER 4:00 PM ON MAY 3, 2005

July 1, 2005 • FY2006 Perkins Grant Period Begins

February 16, 2006 • Interim Report Due

March 31, 2006 • Final Budget Amendments Due

June 30, 2006 • FY2006 Project Year Ends

September 30, 2006 • All financial obligations incurred must be liquidated

October 16, 2006 • FY2006 Final Report Due

7. Plan Submission and Approval

7.1 Spending Plan Self-evaluation Form (Appendix G)

Review and complete the checklist found in Appendix G before submitting the spending plan. Accurate completion of the checklist will assure that all of the following components are included in the plan:

- <u>Title Page</u> (signature is required);
- Board Resolution(s) if necessary, signed and/or initialed and dated;
- Budget Detail Form(s),
- Grant Budget Summary Form, signed and dated by the BA/CFO;
- <u>Statement of Assurances</u> Form, signed and dated by the Chief School Administrator/College President/Agency Head;
- Perkins Multi-year Plan revisions (if applicable)

Keep the completed checklist for your files. Do not submit the checklist with the spending plan. A similar checklist will be used by DOE for review of the spending plan during the approval process.

7.2 Workforce Investment Board (WIB) Review

Each eligible recipient must submit the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan to the appropriate WIB(s) for review on or before May 3, 2005. Item F of the Statement of Assurances indicates that the eligible recipient has forwarded a copy of the completed spending plan to the appropriate WIB(s) for review. The WIB has the responsibility to review the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan and to notify the eligible recipient and the Acting Director, OV-TCIP, if there are concerns about the plan.

For consortia: If consortium members are under the jurisdiction of more than one WIB, the eligible recipient/consortium applicant must submit a copy of the FY2006 One-year Spending Plan to each WIB for review. The eligible recipient/consortium applicant is responsible for submitting the appropriate information to the WIB for review.

7.3 OV-TCIP Review

Send the original and one copy of the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan and the original and one copy of the new or revised Perkins Multi-year Plan pages (if required) to:

Rochelle Hendricks, Acting Director Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs New Jersey State Department of Education PO Box 500 Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

If you are using a courier service, send it to:

Rochelle Hendricks, Acting Director
Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs
New Jersey State Department of Education
100 River View Executive Plaza 3rd floor
Route 29 South
Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

Do not send the plan(s) to the DOE Application Control Center.

The New Jersey Department of Education must receive the complete FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan and the new or revised Multi-year Plan (if applicable) on or before May 3, 2005 at 4:00 PM to allow for review, approval, and notification. Activities should be projected for the period starting July 1, 2005 and ending June 30, 2006. If remediation is required, approval will be delayed according to the date of submission of the remediation plan. To facilitate program start-up, the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan may be granted substantial approval with exceptions.

If the eligible recipient fails to meet all specified due dates for required revisions the OV-TCIP may withdraw its offer of funding for FY2006. Any application received by the OV-TCIP after 4:00 p.m. on May 3, 2005 will not be considered for funding in FY2006. Note: The applicant must keep a copy of the new or modified Perkins Multi-year Plan, if applicable, and the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan for its files.

7.4 Approvals and Disapprovals

7.4.1 Approvals:

A FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan will be approved if it:

- meets all statutory, regulatory, and *New Jersey State Plan for Vocational-Technical Education*, FY 2000-2004, requirements;
- addresses the needs identified in the institution's approved Perkins Multi-year Plan;
- addresses Program Performance Standards and Measures; and
- complies with all instructions and timelines detailed in the FY2006 Perkins Oneyear Spending Plan guidelines.

One-Year Spending Plan Approval Process

- 1. Upon receipt, the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan is logged into the OV-TCIP data system;
- 2. The FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan and Multi-year Plan revisions (or new Multi-year Plan) are reviewed by a staff member of OV-TCIP. If remediation is necessary, the eligible recipient is contacted via e-mail, telephone and/or letter concerning the remediation required;
- 3. Once the Multi-year Plan (if applicable) is complete and correct, it is approved by the OV-TCIP and forwarded to the Office of Grants Management (OGM);
- 4. Once the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan is complete and correct, it is granted first-tier approval by the OV-TCIP and forwarded to the OGM for final approval (second tier);
- 5. OGM reviews the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan for fiscal accuracy and federal and state compliance;
- 6. If OGM remediation is necessary, the OV-TCIP staff member or a designee who reviewed the plan for corrections will contact the eligible recipient via e-mail, telephone and/or letter;
- 7. Once the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan satisfies the requirements of OGM, a Notification of Grant Award and a Grant Acceptance Certificate (GAC) will be issued to the eligible recipient by OGM;
- 8. The eligible recipient's board, or financial office, as appropriate, approves and signs the GAC and returns it to the OGM;
- 9. OGM requests that payment to the eligible recipient begin;
- 10. The first fund transfer will include the cost of all equipment and supplies approved in the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan; and
- 11. The remainder of the grant will be electronically transferred to the eligible recipient on a monthly basis through the end of the fiscal year.

7.4.2 Disapprovals

The DOE may disapprove submissions that fail to meet one or more of the statutory and/or grant requirements. In all such cases, the DOE will give the applicant reasonable notice and an opportunity to appeal before the final determination regarding the request for funds.

SECTION C: SPENDING PLAN APPLICATION

8. Plan Components

8.1 Title Page -Appendix A

A completed Secondary or Postsecondary (as appropriate) Title Page form must accompany each FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan. Appendix A contains the necessary form and instructions. The Title Page must be signed by the Chief School Administrator/College President/Agency Head.

For consortia, each eligible recipient participating in the consortium must provide the lead agency (consortium applicant) an appropriately completed and signed Title Page form. In addition to its own Title Page form, the lead agency must also submit a Title Page form representing the total consortium, indicating the total amount requested on behalf of the consortium. The lead agency **must submit all of the signed consortium member Title Page forms** with the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan. For further information on consortia, please refer to the Perkins Multi-year Plan guidelines.

8.2. Board Resolution - Appendix E

The eligible recipient's board of education, board of trustees, or other governing body, must approve the submission of the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan. Notice of the approval action is to be verified to the DOE by one of the following two methods:

- If the submission of the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan is approved by the appropriate authority <u>before</u> the plan is submitted to the DOE, a copy of the board resolution need <u>not</u> be submitted with the plan. However, the date of the board approval must be specified in item 7 on the FY2006 Title Page found in Appendix A.
- If the submission of the Perkins One-Year Spending Plan is approved by the appropriate authority <u>after</u> the plan has been submitted to the DOE, a copy of the board resolution (sample in Appendix E) or a certified copy of the board minutes showing the approval action is to be mailed to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP immediately upon approval.

For consortia:

The LEA board of a consortium member must approve the LEA's participation in the consortium. There are <u>two</u> board resolution forms for consortia. <u>Each</u> consortium participant must forward a signed copy of the **Board Resolution to Apply as a Member of a Consortium** form to the lead agency. The lead agency must also have on file a signed and dated **Board Resolution to Apply** form on behalf of the consortium indicating the requested <u>total allocation</u> amount for the entire consortium. Only those board resolutions approved <u>after</u> submission of the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan must be forwarded (copy, not original) to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP by the lead agency (consortium applicant).

8.3. Narrative – Appendix F

Accountability is an essential element of the Perkins grant. Each grantee must show the progress made in achieving the negotiated Performance Standards and Measures by submitting a narrative portion of the spending plan. The narrative will include a comparison of the grantee's achievement to the state's negotiated levels, an explanation as

to why the grantee did not achieve a standard (if applicable), how the grantee will utilize its grant year FY2006 funds to achieve any standards below the negotiated levels, and how funds will be used to achieve the objectives as stated in their Multi-year Plan.

Grantees are expected to demonstrate continuous improvement in the performance of vocational-technical programs. In addition, grantees are expected to show a serious commitment to meeting the state's negotiated Performance Standards and Measures. Each grantee should carefully review the data available to determine their current performance levels and compare them to the state's negotiated Performance Standards and Measures on Pages 6-9.

<u>Section I</u> lists the state's FY2005 and FY2006 negotiated Performance Standards and Measures. Below each negotiated standard the grantee is to provide its level of achievement in that category. If the grantee's performance is below one or more of the state's negotiated Performance Standards and Measures, it is an indication that the grantee should conduct activities during FY2006 to raise the performance level in those areas. The grantee's levels of performance should be based upon the information that was submitted by the grantee as part of the Vocational Education Data System (VEDS) and any other data source utilized by the grantee to analyze performance such as HSPA scores, graduation rates, and nationally certified test scores.

<u>Section II</u> is a written narrative and should address the manner in which the grantee will address its specific levels of performance and complete or maintain the Perkins goals and objectives in the Multi-year Plan. Applicants will have three categories on how to direct funds in the FY2006 Spending Plan which should be discussed in a **comprehensive and detailed manner** in the narrative description. They are as follows:

- If any of the areas of performance are below standard, indicate how funds will be used and how that use of funds will improve the performance levels in that area. If the applicant chooses not to use Perkins funds to address low performing areas indicate why not and what the applicant plans to do through other avenues to address this substandard performance.
- If all areas of performance are above standard and all goals and objectives of the Multi-year Plan have been completed, indicate what the funds will be used for and how that use will serve to continually improve the vocational-technical programs.
- If all areas of performance are above standard and all goals and objectives of the Multi-year Plan have been completed, the applicant may choose to make revisions to the Multi-year Plan by adding new objectives or changing current ones. The narrative should reflect the decision to revise the Multi-year Plan and should indicate how funds will be used to meet the new or revised objectives. The process for revising an existing Multi-year Plan is outlined in Section 8.4.

For Consortia:

All narrative information should be submitted for each individual member of the consortia and should not be the same narrative duplicated. A brief summary of how funds will be used to impact the priorities of the entire consortium should be included.

8.4. Revision to Existing Multi-year Plan

Revisions to the Perkins Multi-year Plan should be the result of discussion and planning by interested parties as required by the Perkins Act and should focus on evaluation of the eligible recipient's achievements in meeting the negotiated Performance Standards and Measures. Interested party representation must include, but not be limited to teachers, parents, students, eligible recipients, secondary and postsecondary education providers, interested community members, and representatives of local business, industry, labor organizations, and special populations.

As a result of the discussion and planning, the eligible recipient may find it necessary to change one or more objectives, delete an objective, or add objectives to the plan.

- If the recipient decides to discontinue an approved objective, the objective should not be physically deleted from the plan. Simply strike through the objective, indicating that it has been deleted and note the deletion date immediately after or beneath the objective. This will help track changes as the plan evolves.
- If new objectives are added, they should be added following the last current objective for that goal, continuing the numbering system. The new objective(s) should have the revision date immediately following the objective.

Revisions to the Perkins Multi-year Plan must accompany the FY2006 Perkins Spending Plan if a recipient proposes to expend grant funds on a revised objective during FY2006.

8.5. Budget Detail Forms and Eligible Expenditures

All requested expenditures must be used for vocational and technical programs which have been approved by the DOE. All requested expenditures must be listed on one of the three types of Budget Detail forms found in Appendix B. There are Budget Detail forms specific to Teacher Salaries and to Non-instructional Salaries (Form C) and one Budget Detail form specific to Employee Benefits (Form B). Use Budget Detail Form A for all other proposed expenditures, using a separate form for each different Expenditure Category and Function and Object Codes as appropriate. Be sure to use the correct form.

Organize all Budget Detail items by Function & Object Code. For example, all 400-731 items (instructional equipment) must be placed on the same form or group of forms. **Do not mix Function & Object Codes** on the same Budget Detail form. Keeping all similar expenditures on the same form will assist the grantee when transferring totals to the Budget Summary form. It will also assist the DOE in expediting the grant application and report approval processes. The Budget Detail forms and instructions are found in Appendix B.

On Budget Detail Form A, include information in items A-E and in all columns.

- Column F: Goal and objective number from the latest approved Multi-year Plan;
- Column G: Standard and Measure addressed from the approved Multi-year Plan;

- Column H: Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) code(s) for the approved occupational programs the requested expenditure(s) will support. Even if the expenditure is general enough to serve all <u>approved</u> occupational programs, you must list each CIP code individually. Writing in "All CIPs" will no longer be acceptable. For CIP code information please refer to Occupational Programs in New Jersey Public Schools, found at web site http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/educators.
 - NOTE: Please use the revised CIP Codes for 2000.
- Column I: Description/Itemization/Justification Provide a description of the item sufficient to allow the reviewer to understand the items being proposed for purchase. Give a short justification for the item.
- Column J: Quantity of the proposed items;
- Column K: Unit cost of each proposed item in WHOLE DOLLARS ONLY
- Column L: Total cost of the item expenditures. (Column J x Column K) Follow the instructions attached to the Budget Detail forms.
 - **8.5.1 Teacher Salaries** (100-100): Funds may be requested for teacher salaries (category 100-100) during the first and second year of operation of newly approved vocational-technical programs. Salaries must be based upon the percentage of time dedicated to the Perkins III and/or state vocational funded program and school-year salary. Time and activity records must be maintained in accordance with federal OMB Circular A-21 Section J(8). The program must be an approved occupational program prior to the expenditure of grant salary funds. Use Budget Detail Form C Teacher Salaries and complete the Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form in Appendix B.
 - **8.5.2** Non-instructional Salaries (200-100) may be requested on a very limited basis. The applicant must show <u>clearly</u> how the salary(ies) support(s) the negotiated state Performance Standards and Measures, local goals and objectives, the intent of Perkins III, and the percent of time the grant-funded employee will dedicate to Perkins grant responsibilities. This information must be included on the appropriate Budget Detail Form C Noninstructional Salaries, and on the Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form in Appendix B.

Salaries for administrative functions do not require a **Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form.**

8.5.3 Stipends (100-100, 200-100) may be paid to part-time or full-time employees for approved vocational-technical education program services and activities <u>beyond</u> the employee's contracted time. Stipends are considered a salary; therefore, a Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form must be completed when requesting funding for a stipend. For example, a teacher may be paid a stipend to advise a school's Vocational Student Organization, as long as the stipend is for activity not included in the regular contract. Perkins funds are to be used to supplement not supplant. Usually, few benefits are deducted from the stipend. See the Fringe Benefits explanation below for further information.

8.5.4 Fringe Benefits (200-200) are eligible costs. The same contractual fringe benefits offered to all employees of the eligible recipient up to a maximum of 29% of grant funded salaries and based on the percent of time dedicated to the Perkinsfunded program and the school-year salary may be included. All fringe benefits must be described on Budget Detail Form B – Fringe Benefits.

Federally funded positions:

Full time and part time employees participating in Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) must include TPAF (7.35%) and FICA (7.65%) for a total of 15%. Other benefits (such as health, disability, etc.) may be included; however, the maximum amount for all benefits is 29% of the amount of the salary requested in the grant proposal.

Employees not participating in Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) must include FICA (7.65%). The maximum amount of fringe benefits is 29% of the salary requested in the grant.

For stipends using federal funds the grantee must budget 7.65% for FICA. If the grantee requires TPAF to be paid as part of a stipend, then grant funds must be budgeted for this cost. The maximum amount of all fringe benefits is 29% of the salary requested in the grant proposal.

Note: A stipend is above and beyond a contractual salary.

State funded positions (including stipends)

Note: Only county vocational school postsecondary programs receive state funds through this grant. For those positions funded with state funds, TPAF and FICA cannot be paid using state or federal funds; however other fringe benefits may be paid through this grant up to the **maximum amount** of 29% of the salary requested in the grant proposal.

For these programs which are utilizing one account (both state and federal funds combined), it is important to remember that the fringe benefits must be calculated to reflect the percentage of state and federal funds received. Therefore, if a position is funded 80% federal and 20% state, 80% of the total fringe benefits must be charged to the federal portion of the grant and the remaining 20% must be funded from a local or other source. Although applicants will not be required to show this break down in the spending plan, charges are subject to review during the audit process. State funds may not be used to pay TPAF or FICA.

8.5.5 Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form

For all requested salary expenditures listed on one of the Budget Detail Forms C (Teacher Salaries or Noninstructional Salaries), provide justification using the Perkins FY2006 Spending Plan Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form in Appendix B. The Department of Education has the right to determine the appropriateness of each salary request. This form is not needed for salaries charged to Administrative Costs.

8.5.6 Consultant and Workshop Services for Improvement of Vocational Technical Education Programs (100-300, 200-300, 200-320)

Requests for consultants and/or workshop personnel services for activities that improve occupational programs such as curriculum and/or professional development (100 and 200 series), improving teaching strategies, and integrating academics, must be supported by a description on the Budget Detail that includes:

- each position for which funding is requested;
- the requested dollar amounts; and
- the specific activities and/or services to be provided by each of the consultants/workshop personnel.

The maximum payment for consultants and/or workshop personnel is \$1,500 a day. Note: If workshop **presenters or speakers are employees** of the grantee (LEA, college, consortium member), payment must be in accordance with employee contracts or the prevailing institutional policies. The payment should be included in category 100-100, or in category 200-100, as appropriate to the staff position.

8.5.7 Travel for Vocational-Technical Education Program Improvement 8.5.7.1 General Requirements

For all funded travel, the eligible recipient must maintain a file containing the following information:

- identification and job title of travelers;
- purpose of travel;
- anticipated travel dates (e.g., month and year)
- travel destination; and
- an itemized description of all grant-funded travel expenditures, including mileage, fares, etc.

The mileage reimbursement rate for travel is the prevailing eligible recipient's reimbursement rate, **but not more than \$0.31 per mile**.

8.5.7.2 Staff Travel (200-580)

Costs eligible for funding include transportation, lodging and meal(s) for instate and out-of-state professional development workshops and activities. Requests must identify the name of the conference, the number of staff traveling, the CIP code of the related program and itemized costs for the method of travel, accommodations, meals, and other expenses directly related to the program. The grantee may use a per diem rate that combines meal costs and other conference-related expenses. Provide estimates if actual costs are not known, identifying them as estimates. Out-of-state professional development workshop attendance must include strong justification, indicating how the travel relates to the employee's Professional Improvement Plan (PIP) and how it helps meet the negotiated state Performance Standards and Measures. This information must be included in Column I, Description/Itemization/Justification, on Budget Detail Form A in the Perkins FY2006 One-year Spending Plan.

Costs for travel directly related to activities of district, college, or agency employees in the coordination and supervision of students for structured learning experiences are eligible for funding.

Costs for the "Generation Next" state vocational education conference, to be held August 8-9, 2005 in Atlantic City should be budgeted using FY2006 Perkins grant funds. Costs may include room plus tax, parking and registration. Registration information will be mailed to chief school administrators, college presidents, agency heads, Perkins contacts, and others.

8.5.7.3 Student Workshops and Travel (100-500, 100-800, 200-500, 200-600) Costs for student field trips and Vocational Student Organization (VSO) leadership conferences that are integral to the approved vocational-technical education program are eligible for funding. Eligible costs include transportation, lodging, and meal(s) for in-state and out-of-state student leadership conferences and activities occurring within the grant year. Provide estimates if actual costs are not known. If any costs are estimates, identify them as such. Expenditures for out-of-state student leadership conferences must include strong justification. This information must be included in the Budget Detail Form A in the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan.

Requests must include:

- the number of students involved;
- justification for attendance;
- a list of the projected site(s); and
- itemized description of all related travel expenditures proposed for funding, including the method of travel, anticipated travel dates (e.g., month and year), lodging, meals and other expenses.

8.5.8 Supplies (100-600, 200-600)

A grantee may request up to \$20,000, or 10% of the total grant award (whichever is greater), for unitemized supplies for its approved vocational-technical programs. However, any item with a per-unit cost of \$750 or more must be itemized. If the total amount exceeds the \$20,000 or 10% of the grant award, then all items over the threshold must be itemized.

The itemized list (on Budget Detail Form A) must include:

- the name of the item proposed for purchase;
- a description of the item;
- proposed quantity;
- cost per unit; and
- total cost for the proposed number of units.

Supplies used for instructional purposes are to be requested in General Supplies, 100-600. Supplies used for program support and administrative services are to be requested in Supplies and Materials, 200-600.

Software: Software must be requested in General Supplies (100-600) for instructional software and in Supplies and Materials (200-600) for administrative and support services software.

Examples of description (minimum specifications) **required for certain items:**

Computers: Operating System: i.e., Microsoft Windows XP

Processor: i.e., Pentium IV, 1.0 Gb processor

Monitor: i.e., 17 inch monitor

Peripherals: i.e., 52x CD-ROM, DVD, 250 Mb Zip Drive

Hard drive: i.e., 40 Gb hard drive Memory: i.e., 256 Mb RAM

Printers: Type of printer: i.e., laser, ink jet, etc.

Speed: i.e., 9 pages per min. (ppm) black, 5 ppm color

Other description: i.e., 4 Mb buffer, 11" x 17" capacity

Software: Name of software: i.e. DesignPro 2000

8.5.9 Equipment (400-731, 400-732)

Equipment costs, including the itemized cost of installation, delivery, and inservice for staff (when included in the bid/award), are eligible for funding.

Effective July 1, 2001, the capitalization threshold used by school districts and charter schools in the State of New Jersey was increased to more than \$2000 for each equipment item. Revised pages 72 and 73 of Handbook 2R2 were attached to a memo that was distributed by the Division of Finance, dated January 11, 2001. If an eligible recipient needs clarification as to whether an item should be classified as equipment or supply, the eligible recipient's auditor should be consulted.

Some federal, state, and local laws and regulations, may present conflicting criteria for distinguishing between supplies and equipment. The criteria below are based on a combination of the most practical guidelines from these laws and regulations. Unless otherwise bound by federal, state, or local law, applicants should use these criteria in their supply/equipment classification decisions.

An equipment item is any instrument, machine, furniture, apparatus, or set of articles which meets all of the following criteria:

- (1) It retains its original shape, appearance and character with use;
- (2) It does not lose its identity through fabrication or incorporation into a different or more complex unit or substance;
- (3) It is nonexpendable; that is if the item is damaged or some of its parts are lost or worn out, it is more feasible to repair the item than to replace it with an entirely new unit:
- (4) Under normal conditions of use, including reasonable care and maintenance, it can be expected to serve its principal purpose for at least one year; and
- (5) The item costs more than \$2,000.

An item should be classified as a supply if it does not meet **all** the equipment criteria listed above.

- Classroom furniture that is part of an approved vocational-technical program is eligible for funding when it is specific to a method of instruction (e.g., a model office or simulation course) or program;
- Equipment purchased with grant funds must be used to provide appropriate vocational-technical education programs, services, and activities consistent with these guidelines;
- **Instructional equipment** may not be used for administrative purposes;
- Each piece of equipment purchased with state or federal funds must have a visible, permanently attached, numbered inventory tag (computers, printers and monitors need separate inventory tags even if purchased as a unit);
- The equipment item, with its inventory tag number, must appear on the **Federal Equipment Inventory form** submitted with the Final Report;
- **Equipment purchased** with federal and/or state funds remains the property of the DOE/OV-TCIP; and
- Equipment may be used for **other instructional purposes** only if such use does not interfere with the primary instructional use of the equipment.

Equipment requested to improve an existing approved vocationaltechnical education program or a new program approved by the OV-TCIP to be introduced in FY2006 must be in place and used for student instruction in FY 2006.

For more information on equipment, refer to EDGAR 34 CFR, Part 80.32 http://www.ed.gov/policy/fund/reg/edgarReg/edlite-part80a.html.

8.5.10 Non-allowable Costs

Applicants **MAY NOT** expend funds for the following:

- student salaries;
- indirect costs (utilities, custodial costs, etc.);
- instructional staff salaries after the second year of operation of a new program that has been approved through the Occupational Program Approval Process (See http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/educators/ for the approval process);
- support staff salaries after the second year of Perkins grant funding;
- grants writing and/or fund-raising activities;
- general facility renovations/remodeling unless necessary for installation and/or operational use of instructional equipment approved for purchase during FY2006;
- Industrial Arts Programs;
- support of unapproved vocational-technical education programs or courses;
- the following costs for Vocational Student Organizations:
 - 1. purchase of any item for personal use such as supplies, clothing, awards and payment of membership dues; and

- 2. noninstructional activities such as athletic, social, or recreational events or printing and disseminating noninstructional newsletters.
- tuition payments;
- costs associated with advertising in magazines, newspapers, radio and television, internet, direct mail, exhibits and similar items; and
- promotional items and memorabilia that include but are not limited to, pens, pencils, posters, T-shirts that are imprinted with a school logo or the name of a school program.

8.5.11 Budgetary Constraints

Workshop Presenters
Mileage for travel
\$1,500 per day per presenter;
\$0.31 per mile maximum;

• Supplies Any item that costs at least \$750 per unit must be

itemized, with a maximum of \$20,000, or 10% of the total grant award (whichever is greater) in supplies not

needing to be itemized;

• Equipment Minimum unit cost of more than \$2,000, and a useful life

of more than one year. See complete definition in Section

8.5.9;

• Administrative Costs Maximum of 5% of the grant.

8.5.12 Administrative Costs

The eligible recipient may request a <u>maximum of 5 percent</u> of the grant allocation for administrative costs.

Salaries: If an eligible recipient uses its administrative funds for **salaries**, it <u>must</u> use administrative funds to pay for the appropriate **benefits**. See section on Fringe Benefits section 8.5.4. **All administrative costs must be itemized** on one or more of the Budget Detail Forms and assigned an appropriate Function & Object Code.

8.5.13 Contracts with Other Deliverers

"Arrangements may be made for the provision of any portion of the program of instruction on an individual or group basis by public or nonpublic agencies or institutions other than the State Board or district board of education through a written contract with the State Board of Education or a district board of education. Such contract shall describe the portion of instruction to be provided by such agency or institution and incorporate the standards and requirements of vocational-technical instruction set forth in this chapter. Such a contract shall be entered into only upon a determination by the State Board of Education or district board of education of satisfactory assurance that..." all regulations found in *N.J.A.C.* 6A:19-4.4 Vocational-technical instruction under contract are followed.

⁵ OMB Circular letter A-87. Attachment B

⁶ New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A:19-4.4

9. Budget Summary

The Budget Summary Form (Appendix C) provides the total amounts requested for each expenditure category in the project budget. It is the summary of the totals of all Budget Detail Forms. Instructions and the form are found in Appendix C. The amounts entered on the Budget Summary form in each GAAP category must equal the total amounts on the Budget Detail forms **in each Expenditure Category**. The Chief Financial Officer must sign and date this form.

10. Statement of Assurances (Appendix D)

The Chief School Administrator/College President/Agency Head must sign the Statement of Assurances form, indicating that he or she has read the spending plan and that the applicant has read and will comply with all federal and state statutes and regulations. This statement is found in Appendix D.

SECTION D: AMENDMENTS, REPORTS AND OTHER ACTIONS

11. Amendments

For FY2006, the cumulative threshold for submission of budget amendments <u>remains at</u> \$50,000 or 10% of the allocation, whichever is less.

All **cumulative** changes under \$50,000, or 10% whichever is less, during the grant year, except where specifically regulated, are at the discretion of the grantee. (See exceptions noted below). In return for the grantee's increased **discretion and flexibility**, the grantee must bear the additional responsibility of **accountability** for any changes under that threshold. The same rules apply as were used during FY2005. While the grantee has additional latitude about many expenditure changes, certain changes may not be made without DOE approval of an Amendment Application (Appendix H). The grantee must insure that each of the budget changes meets the requirements outlined in the FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan guidelines.

Once the grantee exceeds the threshold of \$50,000 or 10%, whichever is less, the grantee must submit an amendment application requesting approval of the amount over the threshold.

Budget Amendment Application (Appendix H)

An Amendment Application **must** be submitted when:

- the sum of all changes (measured cumulatively throughout the fiscal year) to an approved budget exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or 10 percent of the total approved budget, whichever dollar amount is less (recipients are responsible for monitoring the cumulative 10 percent level of fiscal change); or
- any changes in the approved intent, program area, or purpose of salary costs and the related benefits; or
- any changes that cause the supply category total (100-600 and/or 200-600) to exceed the non-itemized threshold of \$20,000, or 10% of the total grant award (whichever is greater); or
- transferring funds from an <u>approved</u> line item category to an <u>unapproved</u> line item category; or
- any changes in the type of equipment, the intended use of approved equipment or a change in the program in which the equipment will be used. (If an eligible recipient only wishes to purchase additional pieces of approved equipment, a budget amendment is not required).

Inappropriate disbursements found during monitoring or on the final report will not be recommended for approval and will result in disallowance and reimbursement of grant funds to the DOE.

• All budget amendments must be approved for submission by the eligible recipient's board of education, board of trustees, or other governing body.

All budget amendments must be submitted to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP for approval, using the prescribed Amendment Application found in Appendix H, prior to the implementation of the proposed changes. The eligible recipient must provide a **brief**, but specific, justification of why funds will not be expended as originally approved. See instructions in Appendix H.

Final budget amendments for the grant period must be submitted on or before March 31, 2006. Amendment applications received after March 31, 2006 will not be considered for approval, unless the amendment application is specifically requested by the Acting Director, OV-TCIP.

Amendment applications are to be submitted by the Chief School Administrator/College President/Agency Head. The original and one copy must be sent only to:

Rochelle Hendricks, Acting Director Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs New Jersey State Department of Education PO Box 500 Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

If using a courier service, send it to:

Rochelle Hendricks, Acting Director
Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs
New Jersey State Department of Education
100 River View Executive Plaza 3rd floor
Route 29 South
Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

Do not send the amendment application to the DOE Application Control Center.

When requesting approval for budget amendments, the eligible recipient must clearly show the changes in cost categories. Include all of the following with the request:

• Amendment Application Form:

• Board Resolution

The eligible recipient's board of education, board of trustees, or other governing body, must approve the amendment. Notice of the approval action is to be verified to the DOE by <u>one</u> of the following two methods:

- 1. If the submission of the amendment is approved by the appropriate authority <u>before</u> the amendment is submitted to the DOE, a copy of the board resolution need <u>not</u> be submitted. However, the date of the board approval must be specified in item R on the Amendment Application for Fiscal Year 2006 found in Appendix H.
- 2. If the amendment is approved by the appropriate authority <u>after</u> it has been submitted to the DOE, a copy of the board resolution (sample in Appendix E) or a certified copy of the board minutes showing the approval action is to be mailed to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP immediately upon approval.

- **Revised Budget Detail** form(s) with appropriate changes:
 - Select and revise the appropriate Budget Detail Form(s);
 - Add appropriate changes or additions to CIP Code, Goal & Objectives, Standard & Measure, Description, Number, Cost and Calculations Columns by **BOLDING CHANGE** and/or **STRIKE THROUGH** invalid information. (Color may be used but may not show up in copying or printing) Add/insert additional lines for new items to be added and add the word NEW. Change page numbering if needed;
 - Mark "YES" if amended and date;
 - Secure signature of the BA/CFO;
- Revised Perkins Multi-year Plan goal page(s), if appropriate.

A consortium applicant submitting an amendment application must certify that all participating consortium members agree to the amendment application. The signatures of the Chief School Administrator/College President/Agency Head and Board Secretary/Chief Financial Officer are required, as is the date of the board approval.

The budget amendment process is similar to the Spending Plan approval process (Section 7.4.1). Once the OGM approves the amendment, OGM will send a signed copy of the approved Amendment Application to the grantee. No other letter or other indication of approval will be sent to the grantee.

12. Supplemental Allocations

In some cases, DOE may find it necessary to distribute additional funds to grantees during the grant year. All rules, regulations and application procedures concerning the supplemental award will be distributed to the grantees with the notification of the supplemental grant funds. Supplemental allocations may not be available each year.

13. Reports

In addition to the reports described below, eligible recipients are required to submit data in response to the VEDS information request. Information from the Perkins grant reports and the data collection will be reported by the DOE to the ED to demonstrate the state's level of success in achieving the Perkins III mandated and negotiated State Performance Standards and Measures.

Reports are necessary to generate payments to the eligible recipient and are to be submitted to the OV-TCIP by the due dates specified. Refer to Section B:6, **TIMELINES** for the due dates.

13.1 Interim Report

Submit the original and one copy of the interim report to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP on or before February 16, 2006. See Appendix I and the DOE web site (http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/perkins/) for all required report forms and the appropriate instructions.

13.1.1 Interim Report Obligation and Disbursement Statement

The eligible recipient will be required to provide information only on budget obligations and disbursements (see Definitions, section 15) in the Interim Report. Complete the Interim Report Obligation and Disbursement Statement found in Appendix I, indicating the total funds obligated and/or disbursed in each approved budget category through December 31, 2005. No other forms are required. If, during review of the Interim Report, the DOE determines that funds have not been disbursed or obligated in a timely fashion in accordance with the Cash Management Information Act, the DOE may request additional information and/or conduct on-site monitoring.

13.2 Final Report

Submit the original and one copy of the final report **on or before October 16, 2006,** to the following address:

Rochelle Hendricks
Acting Director
Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs
New Jersey State Department of Education
PO Box 500
Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

If using a courier service, send it to:

Rochelle Hendricks
Acting Director
Office of Vocational-Technical, Career and Innovative Programs
New Jersey State Department of Education
100 River View Executive Plaza, 3rd floor
Route 29 South
Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

All required Final Report forms and instructions can be found in Appendix J and on the Internet at http://www.state.nj.us/njded/voc/perkins/.

If a refund is due, the amount is to be entered in item #9 of the Final Report Title Page. Send the refund check as soon as possible after the submission of the Final Report. The refund check is to be made payable to, "Treasurer, State of New Jersey", and mailed, with a copy of the Title Page of this report, to:

New Jersey Department of Education Office of Budget and Accounting Revenue and Grant Services P.O. Box 500 Trenton, NJ 08625-0500

Do not submit reports or refund payments to the DOE Application Control Center.

The grant funding period for FY2006 is July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. The approved eligible recipient's award is to be obligated, in accordance with the approved Grant Budget Summary, on or before June 30, 2006. The eligible recipient must liquidate all obligations incurred under the award no later than 90 days after the close of the funding period (EDGAR, Part 80, Subpart C, § 80.23).

The DOE may disallow expenditures that fail to meet one or more of the statutory and/or grant requirements. In all such cases, the DOE will give reasonable notice and an opportunity for an appeal to the applicant before final disallowance of the improper expenditure.

13.2.1 Final Report Title Page

Submit a completed title page with the Final Report.

13.2.2 FY2006 Final Budget Expenditure Statement

Indicate expenditures in each approved budget category using the FY2006 Final Report Budget Expenditure Statement. Data reported <u>must</u> match the grant recipient's latest approved FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan, including all authorized modifications.

13.2.3 Federal/State Equipment Inventory Form

All equipment purchased under GAAP Codes 400-731 and 400-732 must be listed on the Federal/State Equipment Inventory Form. Equipment listed must have been approved by the OV-TCIP in accordance with guidelines requirements. All information on the form must be completed or the report will be rejected. Do not include items approved as supplies. If an item was approved as equipment, but because of a price decrease now costs less than \$2,000, it must still be reported on the inventory form. For computer systems that include CPU and monitor and/or printer, list identification tag numbers for each system component.

13.3 Cash Management for Grants in Excess of \$50,000

Pursuant to EDGAR 34 CFR, Part 80.20 (a) (7), Cash Management, the DOE is required to monitor grantees' cash on hand each fiscal year. The DOE has established procedures to ensure the receipt of reports of cash balances and cash disbursement in order to prepare and complete the accurate cash transactions to the ED.

During FY2006, the cash-on-hand analysis will be conducted in March, 2006. A Cash Analysis Report is forwarded to each eligible recipient awarded federal entitlement funds in excess of \$50,000. During the review of the report, the amount of federal cash received and the expenditures incurred at a designated point in time are compared. If cash on hand is in excess of one monthly payment, entitlement payments will be delayed until the eligible recipient provides documentation that the issue is resolved. All questions concerning the cash management report are to be directed to the Office of Budget and Accounting at (609) 984-4900.

14. Responsibility for Monitoring, Inspection, Verification, and Record Keeping

The DOE has the responsibility to make on-site visits, as necessary, to observe the implementation of the approved FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan, including use of the equipment, and to verify the inventory records of eligible recipients. The eligible recipient is responsible for maintaining all records of the grant program. Any grantee may be monitored at the discretion of the DOE.

When will the monitoring occur? Monitoring may occur at any time during the year. A letter will be mailed to the CSA/College President/Agency Head prior to scheduling the monitoring visit. Other grant programs may be monitored concurrently with the Perkins grant.

What records should be available for inspection? Each grant recipient is responsible for maintaining program and fiscal records of the grant. The information must be provided upon request, including during any on-site monitoring visits. <u>At a minimum</u>, each grantee **must** maintain the following information for the grant year in a readily accessible fashion:

- copy of the latest approved Multi-year Plan;
- status of current objectives on the latest approved Multi-year Plan;
- copy of the latest approved FY2006 Perkins One-year Spending Plan;
- copy of Board Resolution to Apply for the grant or a copy of the board minutes approving submission of the plan;
- copy of any budget amendment applications and written approvals;
- all fiscal records for the current year;
- procurement requisitions, purchase orders, cancelled checks, etc.;
- payroll records;
- grant funded employee time and activity records, signed and dated by the employee and designated supervisor;
- copy of the Interim and Final Report; and
- other locally required fiscal reports.

What happens as a result of the monitoring visit? The team assigned to monitor the grant recipient will present a report of the visit to the Acting Director, OV-TCIP. A letter outlining the findings will be sent to the CSA/College President/Agency Head. If there are discrepancies or other concerns, an explanation and/or remedial action will be requested in the letter and a timeline will be established for the remedial action. Development of a remediation plan, timelines and follow-up are very important and may be reviewed by Federal auditors. If there are severe discrepancies or other problems, further action may be required.

15. Definitions

All Aspects of An Industry: (1) Strong experience in, and comprehensive understanding of, the industry that the individual is preparing to enter.⁷ (2) Exposure to each of the components of the industry or industry sector a student is preparing to enter, including planning, management, finances, technical and production skills, underlying principles of technology, labor and community issues and health, safety and environmental issues related to such industry or industry sector⁸.

Career Academy: "Career Academy" means a secondary school model, centered on a career theme, which integrates academic education and approved vocational-technical education programs in a personalized learning environment, either with a core team of teachers in a school-within-a-school format or in a stand-alone format.⁹

Career Clusters: "Career cluster" means one of the vocational-technical education program areas recognized by the U.S. Department of Education and by the New Jersey Department of Education¹⁰. A grouping of occupations and broad industries based on commonalities.

Charter School: A public school that operates independently of the district board of education under a charter granted by the Commissioner. Once the charter is approved and established, the school is managed by a board of trustees with status as a public agent authorized by the State Board of Education to supervise and control the school. A charter school is a corporate entity with all the powers needed to carry out its charter program. ¹¹

Completer: A student who attained the academic and technical knowledge/skills/proficiencies within a program/sequence of courses or instructional units that provides an individual with the academic and technical knowledge/skills/proficiencies to prepare the individual for employment and/or further/advanced education. ¹²

⁷ P.L. 105-332, The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998, Section 3. Definitions

⁸ P.L. 103-239, The School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994, Section 4, and School-to-Work Opportunities: *Glossary of Terms*, June 1995

⁹ New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A: 19-1.2 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/code/title6a/chap19/index.html

¹⁰ New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A: 19-1.2 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/code/title6a/chap19/index.html

¹¹ From General Questions About Charter Schools, New Jersey Department of Education http://www.state.nj.us/njded/chartsch/

¹² From ED "Perkins III Accountability Primer" August 2001

Consortium: An association or a combination, as of businesses, financial institutions, or investors, for the purpose of engaging in a joint venture. ¹³ For Perkins grants, a consortium is two or more eligible recipients that have combined their gross Perkins allocations to equal or exceed the minimum threshold for eligibility to submit a Perkins Spending Plan.

Consortium Applicant: The lead agency of a consortium, responsible for coordinating the development and execution of the Multi-year Plan and the fiscal aspects of the One-year Spending Plan.

Consortium Member: Any LEA participating in a consortium.

Concentrator:

<u>Secondary</u>: A student enrolled in the final level/course of an approved occupational program after successfully completing previous coursework receiving a minimum passing grade.

<u>Postsecondary Collegiate</u>: A postsecondary student matriculated in an Associate in Applied Science (AAS), or certain Associate in Science (AS) programs or related credit generating certificate programs, and enrolled in, or has successfully completed one collegelevel course and was enrolled full time in the fiscal reporting year.

<u>Postsecondary Vocational School/Adult</u>: Enrollment in one or more vocational-technical course in an approved occupational program.

Disbursement: Payment of money out of any public fund or treasury.

EDGAR: Education Department General Administrative Regulations, codified as Parts 74-86 and 97-99 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

Eligible Recipient: (A) A local educational agency, an area vocational and technical education school, an educational service agency, or a consortium, eligible to receive assistance under section 131; or (B) An eligible institution or consortium of eligible institutions eligible to receive assistance under section 132 of the Perkins Act. ¹⁴

Encumbrance: A reservation of funds for future payment (disbursement) to liquidate an obligation incurred. ¹⁵ (Note: An obligation is incurred usually by the issuance of a purchase order or the execution of a contract calling for payment in the future).

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¹³ The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, Third Edition, 1992 Houghton Mifflin Company. Electronic version licensed from INSO Corporation; further reproduction and distribution restricted in accordance with the Copyright Law of the United States. All rights reserved.

¹⁴ P.L. 105-332 Section 132

¹⁵ New Jersey State Budget, 2002-2003, Readers Guide

Equipment: Any instrument, machine, furniture, apparatus or set of articles which meets all of the following criteria:

- 1. It retains its original shape, appearance and character with use;
- 2. It does not lose its identity through fabrication or incorporation into a different or more complex unit or substance;
- 3. It is nonexpendable; that is if the item is damaged or some of its parts are lost or worn out, it is more feasible to repair the item than to replace it with an entirely new unit;
- 4. Under normal conditions of use, including reasonable care and maintenance, it can be expected to serve its principal purpose for at least one year; and
- 5. The item costs more than \$2,000.

An item should be classified as a supply if it does not meet **all** the equipment criteria listed above.

GAAP: See Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP): Principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as prescribed by the State Board. All school districts must use the GAAP accounting system (*N.J.S.A.* 18A:7F–3, and *N.J.S.A.* 18A:4–14). GAAP is the uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and the content of the financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompasses the conventions, rules and procedures necessary to define accepted accounting practice at a particular time. They include not only a broad guideline of general application, but also detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provides a standard by which to measure financial presentations. The primary authoritative body on the application of GAAP to state and local governments is the GASB¹⁷.

Local Educational Agency (LEA): A public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a state for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a state. It can also refer to such combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a state as an administrative agency for its public elementary or secondary schools. Local school districts are often referred to as LEAs in grant or funding documents.¹⁸

Multi-year Plan: Term applied to any LEA/College/State Agency Perkins/state vocational plan covering two or more years submitted to and approved by the DOE, in accordance with the Five-Year Perkins Plan Guidelines, July 1, 1999 – June 30, 2005, PTM 1500.99.

¹⁶ A Glossary Of Acronyms And Terms From The New Jersey Department Of Education (DOE) 1999 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/genfo/acronyms.htm

¹⁷ Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) For New Jersey School Districts, A Technical Systems Manual

¹⁸ 20 U.S.C. 8801 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/genfo/acronyms.htm

Net Allocation: The total allocation, which is determined by the Perkins funding formula minus the amount used to support activities and/or services for students served at a county vocational school, the Katzenbach School, a county special services district, charter school or state agency. The net allocation is the amount of funds that can be spent by the eligible recipient upon approval of the annual Perkins One-year Spending Plan.

Obligation: The amount of orders placed, contracts and subgrants awarded, goods and services received, and similar transactions during a given period that will require payment by the grantee during the same or a future period.¹⁹

An obligation is not necessarily a liability in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. When an obligation occurs (is made) depends on the type of property or services the obligation is for (see chart below).²⁰

IF AN OBLIGATION IS FOR	THE OBLIGATION IS MADE
(a) Acquisition of real or personal property (including supplies an equipment).	On the date on which the grantee makes a binding written commitment to acquire the property.
(b) Personal services by an employ the LEA, college, or agency.	wee of When the services are performed.
(c) Personal services by a contract who is not an employee of the college, or agency.	<u> </u>
(d) Performance of work other that personal services.	On the date on which the grantee makes a binding written commitment to obtain the work.
(e) Public utility services.	When the grantee receives the services.
(f) Travel.	When the travel is taken.
(g) Rental of real or personal property	erty. When the grantee uses the property.
(h) A pre-agreement cost that was properly approved by the State the applicable cost principles.	Under On the first day of the subgrant period.

Overload: A stipend paid to a college faculty member who has exceeded the contractual base teaching load for the semester/year. The stipend shall be at the negotiated rate for the institution.

¹⁹ EDGAR, Part 74, Subpart A, 74.2

²⁰ EDGAR, Part 75, Subpart F, 75.707

Participant:

<u>Secondary</u>: A student who is enrolled in at least one course in an approved occupational program.

<u>Postsecondary Collegiate</u>: Student enrollment in an Associate in Applied Science (AAS), or certain Associate in Science (AS) programs or related credit generating certificate programs.

Postsecondary Vocational School/Adult: Enrollment in an approved occupational program.

Salary: The sum of money paid to a full-time or part-time employee for services rendered. The salary amount provides the basis for calculating the amounts of other costs and benefits attributable to the grant.

SEA: State Education Agency.

Secondary School: A nonprofit institutional day or residential school that provides secondary education, as determined under state law, except that such term does not include any education beyond grade 12.²¹

Stipend: A sum of money paid to an individual for work done beyond the contract time specified in that individual's employment contract. The sum is usually a specified amount for services not calculated using an hourly rate. Any deductions from the stipend are to be in accordance with established recipient policies. If deductions are taken, refer to section 8.5.4 Fringe Benefits in the Guidelines.

Structured Learning Experience (SLE): "Experiential, supervised educational activities designed to provide students with exposure to the requirements and responsibilities of specific job titles or job groups, and to assist them in gaining employment skills and making career and educational decisions. A structured learning experience may be either paid or unpaid, depending on the type of activities in which the student is involved. All structured learning experiences must adhere to applicable State and Federal child labor laws and other rules of the State Departments of Education and Labor. Structured learning experiences may include, but are not limited to: (1) Cooperative education, (2) Apprenticeships, (3) Internships, (4) School-based experiences, (5) Volunteer activities, (6) Community service, (7) Job shadowing, (8) Vocational student organizations, or (9) Work Experience Career Exploration Program (WECEP)."²²

Supplant: The act of a grantee using federal funds to replace state and local funds for vocational-technical education and tech-prep activities.²³ Supplanting is prohibited by the Perkins Act.

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²¹ 20 U.S.C. 8801

²² New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A: 19-1.2 http://www.nj.gov/njded/code/current/title6a/chap19.pdf

²³The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-332) Part A-Federal Administrative Provisions, Sec. 311(a).

Supplement: Something added to complete a thing, offset a deficiency or strengthen the whole.²⁴

Supplies: Items costing \$2,000 or less that are used in the instruction of students or in support of approved occupational programs. They may or may not be absorbed or exhausted and may or may not retain their original shape. All software is a supply.

The Act: The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-332).

Vocational Student Organizations (VSO): Those organizations for students enrolled in vocational-technical education programs which engage in activities as integral parts of the appropriate instructional programs. Such organizations may have State and national units which complement the development of leadership and career-related competencies in vocational-technical education at the local level.²⁵

Vocational-Technical Course: Subject matter and related learning experiences, organized in instructional units, to develop the student's career planning proficiencies, workplace readiness skills, and/or occupational competencies. The instructional units are offered on a systematic basis within a predetermined period of time.²⁶

Vocational-Technical Education: An organized educational program that offers a sequence of courses that provides individuals with the academic and technical knowledge and skills the individuals need to prepare for further education and for careers in current or emerging employment sectors. It includes competency-based applied learning that contributes to the academic knowledge, higher-order reasoning and problem-solving skills, work attitudes, general employability skills, technical skills, and occupation-specific skills of individuals. Its main purposes are to:

- 1. Provide individuals with the skills they need to attain economic freedom; and
- 2. Enhance the productivity of national, State, and local economies.²⁷

Vocational-Technical Program: A sequence of academic and vocational courses designed to provide students with the industry-based skills and knowledge needed to gain employment in a particular occupation or career area or to pursue further education at the post-secondary level.²⁸

VSO: See Vocational Student Organizations.

²⁴Webster's II New College Dictionary, 1999. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, MA and New York, NY.

²⁵ New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A:19-1.2 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/code/title6a/chap19/index.html

²⁶ State Plan for Vocational and Technical Education FY 2000-2005

²⁷ New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A: 19-1.2 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/code/title6a/chap19/index.html

New Jersey Administrative Code Title 6A: 19-1.2 http://www.state.nj.us/njded/code/title6a/chap19/index.html

12. APPENDICES

- A. Title Page Forms and Instructions
 - Spending Plan Title Page Secondary, with Instructions
 - Spending Plan Title Page Post Secondary, with Instructions
- **B.** Budget Detail Forms and Instructions
 - Budget Detail Form A with instructions
 - Budget Detail Form B Employee Benefits, with instructions
 - Budget Detail Form C Salaries, with instructions
 - Form for Teacher Salaries, category 100-100
 - Form for Non-instructional Salaries, category 200-100
 - Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form
- C. Budget Summary Form and Instructions
- D. Statement of Assurances Form
- E. Board Resolution to Apply Forms
 - Board Resolution to Apply Form
 - Board Resolution to Apply as a Member of a Consortium Form
 - Instructions
- F. Narrative Forms
 - Secondary Narrative Form
 - Postsecondary Narrative Form
- G. Spending Plan Self-evaluation Form
- H. Amendment Application
 - Amendment Application Form and Instructions
- I. Interim Report
 - Budget Obligation and Disbursement Statement and Instructions
- J. Final Report Forms
 - Final Report Title Page and Instructions
 - Budget Expenditure Statement Form and Instructions
 - Federal/State Equipment Inventory Form and Instructions
- K. GAAP Codes and Explanations
- L. Multi-year Plan for New Applicants
- M. No Child Left Behind Act of 2001

APPENDIX A

Title Page Forms and Instructions:

- Secondary Grant Title Page and Instructions
- Post Secondary Grant Title Page and Instructions

APPENDIX B

Budget Detail Forms and Instructions:

- Budget Detail Form A
- Budget Detail Form B Benefits
- Budget Detail Form C Salaries
- Salary and/or Stipend Narrative and Justification Form

APPENDIX C

Budget Summary Form and Instructions

APPENDIX D

Statement of Assurances Form

APPENDIX E

- Board Resolution to Apply
- Board Resolution to Apply as a Member of a Consortium
- Instructions

APPENDIX F

Narrative Forms

- Secondary Narrative Form
- Postsecondary Narrative Form

APPENDIX G

Spending Plan Self-evaluation Form

APPENDIX H

Amendment Application Form and Instructions (Includes instructions for revising Budget Detail forms)

APPENDIX I

Interim Report

 Budget Obligation and Disbursement Statement and Instructions

APPENDIX J

Final Report Forms

- Final Report Title Page and Instructions
- Budget Expenditure Statement Form and Instructions
- Federal/State Equipment Inventory Form and Instructions

APPENDIX K

GAAP Codes and Explanations

- Alphabetical List
- Category List

APPENDIX L

Multi-year Plan for New Applicants

Appendix M

The No Child Left Behind Act

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The No Child Left Behind Act is Good News for Children and Families of New Jersey:

- Benefits an estimated 1.2 million New Jersey public school children, 2,383 New Jersey public schools, and 98,395 New Jersey teachers
- Increases federal education funding for New Jersey to more than \$1 billion to help local schools ensure that no child is left behind - more than \$146 million more than last year, and a 38 percent increase over 2000 levels
- Increases Title I funding to more than \$290.7 million to boost the quality of education for disadvantaged children of New Jersey more than \$61 million more than last year, and a 51.9 percent increase over 2000 levels
- Provides more than \$18.4 million in funding for Reading First to ensure that every public school child in New Jersey learns to read at or above grade level by the third grade
- Requires every classroom in New Jersey to have a highly-qualified teacher and provides more than \$65.2 million to train and retain skilled educators
- Provides an estimated \$11 million to help ensure safe and drug-free schools in New Jersey
- Provides an estimated \$7.4 million to fund after-school programs for at-risk children in New Jersey
- Provides more than \$8.8 million in funding to help New Jersey school districts assess how well children are learning and schools are teaching
- Increases Pell Grant funding to an estimated \$208 million \$13.8 million more than last year, and a 24.6 percent increase over 2000 levels - to ensure greater access to a college education for deserving New Jersey students from disadvantaged backgrounds

Note: Funding figures are U.S. Department of Education estimates Other figures include data from the Department's National Center for Education Statistics at www.nces.ed.gov

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